# Mini Circuit Breakers, Fuse Blocks, and Electronic Circuit Protection 

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## Summary of Changes

This publication contains new and updated information as indicated in the following table.

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## Additional Resources

These documents contain additional information concerning related products from Rockwell Automation.

| Resource | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Control Circuit and Load Protection Selection Guide, publication1492-SG122 | Provides product selection and technical information. |
| Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication 1777-4.1 | Provides general guidelines for installing a Rockwell Automation industrial system. |
| Product Certifications website, http://www.ab.com | Provides declarations of conformity, certificates, and other certification details. |

You can view or download publications at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature/. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Allen-Bradley distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative.

## 1489-M Specifications

| Electrical Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poles |  |  |  |  | 1,2,3 |
| Tripping characteristics |  |  |  |  | C, D |
| Rated current ( $I_{n}$ ) |  |  |  |  | 0.5...63 A |
| Rated frequency [f] |  |  |  |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ per IEC/EN 60664-1 |  |  |  |  | 250V AC (phase to ground) 440V AC (phase to phase) |
| Overvoltage category |  |  |  |  | III |
| Pollution degree |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Data per UL/CSA |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage | AC ${ }^{\text {1-pole }}$ |  | C Curve | 0.5... 40 A | 277 V AC |
|  |  |  | $50 . .63 \mathrm{~A}$ | 240 VAC |
|  |  |  | D Curve | 0.5...35 A | 277 V AC |
|  |  |  | $40 . .63 \mathrm{~A}$ | 240 VAC |
|  |  | 2-, 3-pole |  | C Curve | 0.5... 40 A | 480Y/277V AC |
|  |  |  | 50...63 A |  | 240 V AC |
|  |  |  | D Curve | 0.5...35 A | 480Y/277V AC |
|  |  |  |  | 40...63 A | 240 VAC |
|  | DC | 1-pole |  |  | 48 V DC |
|  |  | 2-pole |  |  | 96 V DC (2-pole in series) |
| Rated interrupting capacity per UL 489 |  |  |  |  | 10 kA |
| Reference temperature for tripping characteristics |  |  |  |  | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Electrical endurance |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 6,000 operations } \\ \text { (AC and DC); } \\ 1 \text { cycle (1s - ON, 9s - OFF) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Data per IEC/EN 60947-2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated operational voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}$ ) |  | 1-pole |  |  | 230 VAC |
|  |  | 2-, 3-pole |  |  | 400 V AC |
| Highest supply or utilization voltage $\left(U_{\max }\right)$ |  | AC |  | -pole | 253/440V AC |
|  |  |  | 3-pole | 440 VaC |
|  |  | DC $\star$ |  | -pole | 48 V D |
|  |  |  | -pole | 96 V DC |
| Min. operating voltage |  |  |  |  | 12 V AC, 12 V DC |
| Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity ( $I_{\text {cu }}$ ) |  |  |  |  | 15 kA |
| Rated service short-circuit breaking capacity ( $I_{\text {(SS }}$ ) |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \leq 40 \mathrm{~A}: 11.25 \mathrm{kA} \\ >40 \mathrm{~A}: 7.5 \mathrm{kA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp. (1.2/50 $\mu$ s) |  |  |  |  | 4 kV (test voltage 6.2 kV at sea level, 5 kV at $2,000 \mathrm{~m}$ ) |
| Dielectric test voltage |  |  |  |  | 2 kV ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| Reference temperature for tripping characteristics |  |  |  |  | $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Electrical endurance } \\ & 1 \text { cycle }\left(2 \mathrm{~s}-0 \mathrm{~N}, 13 \mathrm{~s}-0 \mathrm{OFF}, I_{\mathrm{n}} \leq 32 \mathrm{~A}\right) \text {, } \\ & 1 \text { cycle }\left(2 \mathrm{~s}-0 \mathrm{~N}, 28 \mathrm{~s}-0 \mathrm{OF}, I_{\mathrm{n}}>32 \mathrm{~A}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} I_{\mathrm{n}}<30 \mathrm{AO:20,000} \mathrm{ops.} \mathrm{(AC)} \\ I_{\mathrm{n}} \geq 30 \mathrm{~A}: 10,000 \text { ops. (AC) } \\ 1,000 \text { ops. (DC) } \end{gathered}$ |

$\star$ Self-declared IEC DC ratings.

| Mechanical Data |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Housing | Insulation group II, RAL 7035 |
| Indicator window | red ON/green OFF |
| Protection degree per EN 60529 | IP20, IP40 in enclosure with cover |
| Mechanical endurance | 20,000 operations |
| Shock resistance per IEC/EN 60068-2-27 | $25 \mathrm{~g}-2$ shocks - 13 ms |
| Vibration resistance per IEC/EN 60068-2-6 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{~g}-20 \text { cycles at } 5 \ldots .150 \ldots . \mathrm{Hz} \\ & \text { with load } 0.8 \mathrm{ln} \end{aligned}$ |
| Environmental |  |
| Environmental conditions (damp heat) per IEC/EN 60068-2-30 | 28 cycles with $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 90-96 \%$ and 25ㅇ/ $/ 95-100 \%$ |
| Ambient temperature $\Delta$ | $-25 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $-40 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Installation |  |
| Terminal | Dual terminal |
| Cross-section of wire - solid, stranded (front/back terminal slot) | $35 / 35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | 18...4/18 ... 10 AWG |
| Cross-section of wire - flexible (front/back terminal slot) | 25/10 mm ${ }^{2}$ |
| Multi-wire rating per UL, CSA | 1 wire, 18... 4 AWG |
|  | $2-4$ wires $\ddagger, 18 \ldots 10$ AWG |
| Cross-section of bus bars (back terminal slot) | $10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| IEC | $2.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Tightening torque UL/CSA | AWG 18...16: $13.3 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{b}$, AWG 14...10: $17.7 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{b}$, AWG 8... $4: 39.8 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{lb}$ |
| Screwdriver | No. 2 Pozidrive |
| Mounting | DIN Rail (EN 60715, 35 mm ) with fast clip |
| Mounting position | Any |
| Supply | Optional |
| Approximate Dimensions and Weight |  |
| Pole dimensions ( $\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D} \times \mathrm{W}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & 111 \times 69 \times 17.5 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & \left(4.37 \times 2.72 \times .69^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| Pole weight | 125 g (4.4 oz.) |
| Combination with Auxiliary Elements |  |
| Auxiliary contact | Yes |
| Signal contact | Yes |
| Shunt trip | Yes |

- 35 mm self-declared, not included in IEC/EN approval.
$\Delta$ Refer to the ambient temperature derating tables.
$\ddagger$ Wires must be of like size and stranding. Up to two wires per terminal slot.


## Power Loss Due to Current

| Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per Pole [W] | Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per Pole [W] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 | 1.4 | 15 | 2.4 |
| 1 | 1.4 | 16 | 2.5 |
| 1.6 | 1.8 | 20 | 2.5 |
| 2 | 1.8 | 25 | 3.2 |
| 3 | 1.6 | 30 | 3.5 |
| 4 | 1.8 | 32 | 3.7 |
| 5 | 1.9 | 35 | 4.1 |
| 6 | 2.0 | 40 | 4.5 |
| 7 | 1.1 | 50 | 4.5 |
| 8 | 1.5 | 60 | 4.9 |
| 10 | 2.1 | 63 | 5.4 |
| 13 | 2.3 | - | - |

## Zero-stack Derating

| The installation of several miniature circuit breaker side by side with rated current on all poles <br> requires a correction factor to the rated current (not required if spacers are used). |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. of Adjacent Devices | Factor |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2,3 | 0.9 |
| 4,5 | 0.8 |
| $\geq 6$ | 0.75 |

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


## Application Information

## Circuit Voltage

The Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers are rated by voltage class. Applications should not exceed the listed voltage and current range.

## Circuit Frequency

The Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers may be applied to frequencies of 50 Hz and 60 Hz without derating. For applications above 60 Hz , contact Rockwell Automation with specific application information for the derating of the circuit breakers.

## Available Short Circuit Current

The Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers should only be applied in those applications in which the available short-circuit (or fault) current is less than or equal to 10 kA (US/Canada) and 15 kA (IEC).

## Tripping Characteristics

The trip curve characteristics are shown on the following pages. The trip bands shown for each breaker represent current tripping limits for a circuit breaker and are within the limits established by UL.

The standard tripping characteristic for Bulletin 1489-M is Type C. Type C has a magnetic trip activated at 5-10 times the rated current of the circuit breaker. The reference temperature for the thermal tripping characteristics is $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The Type C characteristic will suit most applications.

In rare occurrences when the Type C characteristic does not fully meet the application, Type D magnetic trip characteristic is available, allowing for transients approximately twice as high as the standard Type C.

For a specific current at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, a circuit breaker will open ("clear the circuit") automatically at some total time that will be within the minimum and maximum time shown on the curves. For example, a one-pole, 15 A, Bulletin 1489-M circuit breaker trips in not less than 1 s and not more than 200 s on a 30 A current. Because the UL standard defines this time spread, users should not specify exact tripping time. The lower current portion of the curves (upper left) depicts the time to trip due to thermal action and reflect overload protection of the wire and connect load. The higher current portion of the curves (lower right) depicts the trip due to magnetic action of the circuit breaker and reflects protection due to short circuit level currents.

## Application Considerations

The following is a discussion of application considerations related to North American applications. When applying product to IEC regional requirements, follow IEC practices and guidelines.

The selection of a specific ampere rating for a specific application is dependent on the type of load and duty cycle and is governed by the National Electrical Code (Canadian Electrical Code) and UL/CSA. In general, the codes require that overcurrent protection is at the current supply and at points where wire sizes are reduced. In addition, the codes state that conductors be protected according to their current carrying capacity. There are specific situations that require application consideration, such as motor circuit, and guidelines for the selection for transformer protection.

The Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers are "non-100\% rated" as defined by UL 489, para 7.1.4.2. As such, the circuit breaker's rating should be loaded to no more than $80 \%$ if used with continuous loads.

Line and load may be reversed. The Bulletin 1489-M circuit breaker may be bottom fed.

## Branch Circuits

Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers may be used to protect branch circuits. A branch circuit is the wiring portion of a system extending beyond the final overcurrent device protecting the circuit. Guidelines established in NEC, CEC, UL, and CSA should be used to determine the specific device. For example:

Motor Branch Circuit
Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers are not horsepower rated because they are able to safely interrupt currents far in excess of the locked rotor value for a selected motor. This ability is recognized in the codes and standards and is also established by the UL and CSA tests described in UL 489 and CSA C22.2 No. 5 standards.

The size of a Bulletin 1489-M circuit breaker should be determined following the guidelines for an Inverse Time Circuit Breaker.

References: NEC 430.51 and UL 489. Also see CEC and appropriate Canadian Standards.

Transformer Protection
Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers may be used for transformer protection following the guidelines established.

References: NEC 450 and UL 489. Also see CEC and appropriate Canadian Standards.

Heater Load, Lighting, and Other Load Protection
Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers may be used for protection of heater loads, lighting loads, and other loads following the guidelines established.

References: NEC Article 31 and UL 508A. Also see CEC and appropriate Canadian Standards.

## SWD Rating

The Bulletin 1489-M breakers ( $0.5 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~A}$ ) are rated as Switch Duty (SWD) and as such may be applied to switch fluorescent lighting loads up to their current and voltage maximum.

## Coordinated Overcurrent Protection

Where an orderly shutdown is required to minimize the hazards to personnel and equipment, a system of coordination based upon the faulted or overloaded circuit is isolated by selective operation of only the overcurrent protective device closest to the overcurrent condition. The user should select devices that meet this requirement. References: NEC 240.12. Also see CEC.

## HACR Rating

Bulletin 1489-M Circuit Breakers are rated as Heating, Air Conditioning and Refrigeration circuit breakers as defined by UL 489, paragraph 6.7 and may used in this type of application.

## Current Limiting

Bulletin 1489-M Circuit Breakers are rated as current limiting circuit breakers as defined by UL 489, paragraph 8.6.

The Bulletin 1489-M line features the ability to achieve short circuit interruptions far more effectively than conventional breakers. In conventional circuit breakers, the short circuit interruption time required is approximately one or two half cycles of an AC sine wave. When the contacts open, the resulting arc continues to burn until the current level passes through zero. The arc may re-ignite because of the insufficient width of the contact gap. The current that flows until the arc is extinguished produces a heating effect proportional to the $F^{2}$ t value (let-through-energy) of the fault current.

The Bulletin 1489-M device is designed to substantially reduce the amount of let-through-current and the resulting let-through-energy that can damage protected components. The Bulletin $1489-\mathrm{M}$ has the ability to interrupt short circuit current within the first half cycle of the fault. Limiting letthrough current and energy will protect against the harmful effects of overcurrent and is focused primarily on avoiding excessive heat and mechanical damage.

Both of these factors are proportional to the square of the current. Thermal energy is proportional to the square of the RMS value and magnetic forces are proportional to the square of the peak value. The most effective way to provide protection is to substantially limit let-through-energy. This provides the following advantages:

- Far less damage at the location of the short circuit.
- Fast electric separation of a faulty unit from the system, especially power supplies connected in parallel that are switched off when the voltage of the power bus drops below a certain level.
- Far less wear on the miniature circuit breaker itself. This means more safe interruptions.
- Better protection of all components in the short circuit path.
- Far wider range of selective action when used with an upstream protective device. (No nuisance shut downs from feeder line interruptions, causing a blackout in all connected branches.)


## Ambient Temperature Derating

The Bulletin 1489-M circuit breakers are rated in RMS amperes at a $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ambient temperature per UL 489/CSA C22.2 No. 5. This temperature is used as the ambient temperature external to an industrial enclosure. If a circuit breaker is applied in a temperature that exceeds the $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ambient rating, then the circuit breaker should be derated using the table below. For IEC 60947-2 standard, the products carry an ambient rating of $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Follow standard IEC application considerations for temperature rating in different ambient temperatures.

Note: Application below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is for non-condensing atmosphere. Care should be taken for applications below $0^{\circ}$. These devices are not certified to operate correctly in the presence of ice.


## Tripping Characteristics



D Curve


## Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


1489-AMST1 and 1489-AMST2


1489-AMRS3


1489-AMRA3

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 1-Phase Bus Bars



1489 -AMCL1 18

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.
2-Phase Bus Bars


1489-AMCL206
 ( $11 \times 0.69^{\prime \prime}=7.62^{\prime \prime}$ )

1489 -AMCL212


1489-AMCL218

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.
3-Phase Bus Bars


1489-AMCL318

## Bus Bar Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


1489-AMCLT35


1489-AMCLT50D


## Notes

## 1492-SP Specifications

| Electrical Ratings |  |  |  | Mechanical Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poles |  |  | 1, 2, 3, 1+N, 3+N | Housing |  | Insulation group II, RAL 7035 |
| Tripping characteristics |  |  | B, C, D | Indicator window |  | red ON/green OFF |
| Rated current ( $I_{n}$ ) |  |  | $0.5 \ldots 63 \mathrm{~A}$ | Protection degree per EN 60529 |  | IP20, IP40 in enclosure with cover |
| Rated frequency (f) |  |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Mechanical endurance |  | 20,000 operations |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ per IEC/EN 60664-1 |  |  | 250 V AC (phase to ground), 440 V <br> AC (phase to phase) | Shock resistance per IEC/EN 60068-2-27 |  | $25 \mathrm{~g}-2$ shocks - 13 ms |
| Overvoltage category |  |  | III | Vibration resistance per IEC/EN 60068-2-6 |  | $5 \mathrm{~g}-20$ cycles at $5 . .150 . . .5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with load 0.81n |
| Pollution degree |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Data per UL/CSA |  |  |  | Environmental |  |  |
| Rated voltage | 1-pole | AC | 277 V AC | Environmental conditions (damp heat) per IEC/EN 60068-2-30 |  | 28 cycles with $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 90-96 \%$ and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 95-100 \%$ |
|  |  | DC | 48 V DC |  |  |  |
|  | 2-pole | AC | 480Y/277V AC | Ambient temperature $\Delta$ |  | $-40 . .+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | DC | 96 V DC | Storage temperature |  |  |
|  | 3-pole | AC | $480 \mathrm{Y} / 277 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | Installation |  |  |
| Rated interrupting capacity per UL 1077 |  |  | $\leq 32 \mathrm{~A}: 10 \mathrm{kA}(\mathrm{AC}) ;>32 \mathrm{~A}: 5 \mathrm{kA}$ | Terminal |  | Dual terminal |
|  |  |  | (AC); 0.5...63 A: 10 kA (DC) | Cross-section of wire - solid, stranded (front/back terminal slot) |  | $35 / 35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Application |  |  | Supplementary protector for general use; application codes: <br> TC1: [1P] OLO27TV AC, [2P,3P] OLO 480Y/27TV AC; SC: 10kA (0.5...32 A), 5kA (35..63 A), U2 480Y/277N AC;FW3 |  |  | 18...4/18...10 AWG |
|  |  |  | Cross-section of wire - flexible (front/back terminal slot) | $25 / 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Multi-wire rating per UL, CSA |  | 1 wire, 18... 4 AWG |  |
| Reference temperature for tripping characteristics |  |  |  |  | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2-4 wiresł, 18 . . 10 AWG |
| Electrical endurance |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 6,000 \text { ops (AC), 6,000 ops. (DC) } \\ 1 \text { cycle ( } 1 \mathrm{~s}-\mathrm{ON}, 9 \mathrm{~s}-\mathrm{OFF}) \end{gathered}$ | Cross-section of bus bars (back terminal slot) |  | $10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Data per IEC/EN 60947-2 |  |  |  | Tightening torque | IEC | 2.8 N •m |
| Rated operational voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}$ ) |  | 1-pole, 1+N | 230 VAC |  |  | AWG 18...16: 13.3 in n l . |
|  |  | 2-pole, 3-pole, $3+N$ | 400 V AC |  | UL/CSA | AWG 14...10: $17.7 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{b}$. <br> AWG $8 . . .4: 39.8 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{b}$. |
| Highest supply or utilization voltage ( $U_{\max }$ ) | AC | 1-pole, 1+N | 253 V AC | Screwdriver |  | No. 2 Pozidrive |
|  |  | 2-pole, 3-pole, $3+N$ | 440 V AC | Mounting |  | DIN rail (EN 60715, 35mm) with fast clip |
|  | DC $\star$ | 1 -pole | 48 V DC | Mounting position |  | Any |
|  |  | 2-pole | 96 V DC | Supply |  | Optional |
| Min. operating voltage |  |  | $12 \mathrm{VaC}, 12 \mathrm{~V}$ DC | Approximate Dimensions and Weight |  |  |
| Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity ( $I_{\text {cu }}$ ) |  |  | 15 kA | Pole dimension (HxDxW) |  | $88 \times 69 \times 17.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Rated service short-circuit breaking capacity ( $I_{\text {CS }}$ ) |  |  | $\leq 40$ A: 11.25 kA | Pole weight |  | 115 g (4.1 oz.) |
|  |  |  | $>40 \mathrm{~A}: 7.5 \mathrm{kA}$ | Combination with Auxiliary Elements |  |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp. (1.2/50 $/ \mathrm{s}$ ) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 4 \mathrm{kV} \\ \text { (test voltage 6.2kV at sea level, } 5 \mathrm{kV} \\ \text { at 2,000m) } \end{gathered}$ | Auxiliary contact |  | Yes |
|  |  |  | Signal contact |  | Yes |  |
| Dielectric test voltage |  |  |  | 2 kV | Shunt trip |  | Yes |
|  |  |  | (50/60Hz, 1 min.) | - $35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ self-declared, not included in IEC/EN approval. <br> $\Delta$ Refer to the ambient temperature derating tables. <br> $\ddagger$ Wires must be of like size and stranding. Up to two wires per terminal slot. |  |  |
| Reference temperature for tripping characteristics |  |  | $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical endurance <br> 1 cycle ( $2 \mathrm{~s}-0 \mathrm{~N}, 13 \mathrm{~s}-\mathrm{OFF}, I_{\mathrm{n}} \leq 32 \mathrm{~A}$ ), <br> 1 cycle (2s - ON, 28s - OFF, $I_{n}>32 \mathrm{~A}$ ) |  |  | $I_{\mathrm{n}}<30 \mathrm{~A}: 20,000$ ops (AC) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $I_{\mathrm{n}} \geq 30 \mathrm{~A}: 10,000$ ops. (AC) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,000 ops. (DC) |  |  |  |  |

## Power Loss Due to Current

| Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per Pole [W] | Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per Pole [W] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 | 1.4 | 13 | 2.3 |
| 1 | 1.4 | 15 | 2.4 |
| 2 | 1.8 | 16 | 2.5 |
| 3 | 1.6 | 20 | 2.5 |
| 4 | 1.8 | 25 | 3.2 |
| 5 | 1.9 | 30 | 3.5 |
| 6 | 2.0 | 32 | 3.7 |
| 7 | 1.1 | 40 | 4.5 |
| 8 | 1.5 | 50 | 4.5 |
| 10 | 2.1 | 63 | 5.4 |

## Zero-stack Derating

| The installation of several miniature circuit breaker side by side with rated current on all poles <br> requires a correction factor to the rated current (not required if spacers are used). |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. of Adjacent Devices | Factor |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2,3 | 0.9 |
| 4,5 | 0.8 |
| $\geq 6$ | 0.75 |

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


## Ambient Temperature Derating

Note: Application below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is for non-condensing atmosphere. Care should be taken for applications below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. These devices are not certified to operate correctly in the presence of ice.

1492-SP
UL Derating

| RP200 | Ambient T | ature ( |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ln (\mathrm{A})$ | -40 | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 |
| 0.5 | 0.65 | 0.63 | 0.61 | 0.59 | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.54 | 0.52 | 0.5 | 0.48 | 0.46 | 0.44 |
| 1 | 1.30 | 1.26 | 1.22 | 1.19 | 1.15 | 1.11 | 1.07 | 1.04 | 1 | 0.96 | 0.93 | 0.89 |
| 2 | 2.60 | 2.52 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.30 | 2.22 | 2.15 | 2.07 | 2 | 1.93 | 1.85 | 1.78 |
| 3 | 3.89 | 3.78 | 3.67 | 3.56 | 3.44 | 3.33 | 3.22 | 3.11 | 3 | 2.89 | 2.78 | 2.67 |
| 4 | 5.19 | 5.04 | 4.89 | 4.74 | 4.59 | 4.44 | 4.30 | 4.15 | 4 | 3.85 | 3.70 | 3.56 |
| 5 | 6.50 | 6.31 | 6.13 | 5.94 | 5.75 | 5.56 | 5.38 | 5.19 | 5 | 4.81 | 4.63 | 4.44 |
| 6 | 7.77 | 7.55 | 7.33 | 7.11 | 6.89 | 6.67 | 6.44 | 6.22 | 6 | 5.78 | 5.56 | 5.33 |
| 7 | 9.10 | 8.84 | 8.58 | 8.31 | 8.05 | 7.79 | 7.53 | 7.26 | 7 | 6.74 | 6.48 | 6.21 |
| 8 | 10.36 | 10.07 | 9.78 | 9.48 | 9.18 | 8.89 | 8.59 | 8.30 | 8 | 7.70 | 7.41 | 7.11 |
| 10 | 13.00 | 12.60 | 12.20 | 11.90 | 11.50 | 11.10 | 10.70 | 10.40 | 10 | 9.60 | 9.30 | 8.90 |
| 13 | 16.90 | 16.40 | 15.90 | 15.40 | 14.90 | 14.40 | 14.00 | 13.50 | 13 | 12.50 | 12.00 | 11.60 |
| 15 | 19.50 | 18.94 | 18.38 | 17.81 | 17.25 | 16.69 | 16.13 | 15.56 | 15 | 14.44 | 13.88 | 13.31 |
| 16 | 20.60 | 20.10 | 19.60 | 19.00 | 18.40 | 17.80 | 17.20 | 16.60 | 16 | 15.40 | 14.80 | 14.20 |
| 20 | 26.00 | 25.20 | 24.40 | 23.70 | 23.00 | 22.20 | 21.50 | 20.70 | 20 | 19.30 | 18.50 | 17.80 |
| 25 | 32.40 | 31.50 | 30.60 | 29.60 | 28.70 | 27.80 | 26.90 | 25.90 | 25 | 24.10 | 23.20 | 22.20 |
| 30 | 39.00 | 37.88 | 36.75 | 35.63 | 34.50 | 33.38 | 32.25 | 31.13 | 30 | 28.88 | 27.75 | 26.63 |
| 32 | 41.50 | 40.30 | 39.10 | 37.90 | 36.70 | 35.60 | 34.40 | 33.20 | 32 | 30.80 | 29.60 | 28.40 |
| 40 | 51.90 | 50.40 | 48.90 | 47.40 | 45.90 | 44.40 | 43.00 | 41.50 | 40 | 38.50 | 37.00 | 35.60 |
| 50 | 64.90 | 63.00 | 61.10 | 59.30 | 57.40 | 55.60 | 53.70 | 51.90 | 50 | 48.20 | 46.30 | 44.50 |
| 63 | 81.60 | 79.30 | 77.00 | 74.70 | 72.30 | 70.00 | 67.70 | 65.30 | 63 | 60.70 | 58.30 | 56.00 |

1492-SP
IEC Derating
Reference Temp: $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| RP200 | Ambient T | ature ( ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ln (\mathrm{A})$ | -40 | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 |
| 0.5 | 0.63 | 0.61 | 0.59 | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.54 | 0.52 | 0.5 | 0.48 | 0.46 | 0.44 | 0.43 |
| 1 | 1.26 | 1.22 | 1.19 | 1.15 | 1.11 | 1.07 | 1.04 | 1 | 0.96 | 0.93 | 0.89 | 0.85 |
| 2 | 2.52 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.30 | 2.22 | 2.15 | 2.07 | 2 | 1.93 | 1.85 | 1.78 | 1.70 |
| 3 | 3.78 | 3.67 | 3.56 | 3.44 | 3.33 | 3.22 | 3.11 | 3 | 2.89 | 2.78 | 2.67 | 2.56 |
| 4 | 5.04 | 4.89 | 4.74 | 4.59 | 4.44 | 4.30 | 4.15 | 4 | 3.85 | 3.70 | 3.56 | 3.41 |
| 5 | 6.31 | 6.13 | 5.94 | 5.75 | 5.56 | 5.38 | 5.19 | 5 | 4.81 | 4.63 | 4.44 | 4.25 |
| 6 | 7.55 | 7.33 | 7.11 | 6.89 | 6.67 | 6.44 | 6.22 | 6 | 5.78 | 5.56 | 5.33 | 5.11 |
| 7 | 8.84 | 8.58 | 8.31 | 8.05 | 7.79 | 7.53 | 7.26 | 7 | 6.74 | 6.48 | 6.21 | 5.95 |
| 8 | 10.07 | 9.78 | 9.48 | 9.18 | 8.89 | 8.59 | 8.30 | 8 | 7.70 | 7.41 | 7.11 | 6.82 |
| 10 | 12.60 | 12.20 | 11.90 | 11.50 | 11.10 | 10.70 | 10.40 | 10 | 9.60 | 9.30 | 8.90 | 8.50 |
| 13 | 16.40 | 15.90 | 15.40 | 14.90 | 14.40 | 14.00 | 13.50 | 13 | 12.50 | 12.00 | 11.60 | 11.10 |
| 15 | 18.94 | 18.38 | 17.81 | 17.25 | 16.69 | 16.13 | 15.56 | 15 | 14.44 | 13.88 | 13.31 | 12.75 |
| 16 | 20.10 | 19.60 | 19.00 | 18.40 | 17.80 | 17.20 | 16.60 | 16 | 15.40 | 14.80 | 14.20 | 13.60 |
| 20 | 25.20 | 24.40 | 23.70 | 23.00 | 22.20 | 21.50 | 20.70 | 20 | 19.30 | 18.50 | 17.80 | 17.00 |
| 25 | 31.50 | 30.60 | 29.60 | 28.70 | 27.80 | 26.90 | 25.90 | 25 | 24.10 | 23.20 | 22.20 | 21.30 |
| 30 | 37.88 | 36.75 | 35.63 | 34.50 | 33.38 | 32.25 | 31.13 | 30 | 28.88 | 27.75 | 26.63 | 25.50 |
| 32 | 40.30 | 39.10 | 37.90 | 36.70 | 35.60 | 34.40 | 33.20 | 32 | 30.80 | 29.60 | 28.40 | 27.30 |
| 40 | 50.40 | 48.90 | 47.40 | 45.90 | 44.40 | 43.00 | 41.50 | 40 | 38.50 | 37.00 | 35.60 | 34.10 |
| 50 | 63.00 | 61.10 | 59.30 | 57.40 | 55.60 | 53.70 | 51.90 | 50 | 48.20 | 46.30 | 44.50 | 42.60 |
| 63 | 79.30 | 77.00 | 74.70 | 72.30 | 70.00 | 67.70 | 65.30 | 63 | 60.70 | 58.30 | 56.00 | 53.70 |

## Tripping Characteristics



B and C Curve-230/400V AC Let-through Energy


Tripping Characteristics


B and C Curve - 230/400V AC Let-through Energy


## Tripping Characteristics



## D Curve-230/400V AC Let-through Energy




## Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


189-AST1 and 189-AST2


189-ASCR3


189-AR3

## Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


189-AR11, 189-AR02, 189-AR20


189-AL11, 189-AL02, and 189-AL20


189-AB01 and 189-AB10

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 1-Phase Bus Bars



1492-A1B8


## 1-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact



1492-A1B1H


1492-A1B8H

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 2-Phase Bus Bars



## 2-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact



1492-A2B1H


1492-A2B8H

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters. Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 3-Phase Bus Bars



## 1492-A3B1



1492-A3B8

3-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact


1492-A3B1H


## Bus Bar Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters. Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


1492-AAT1S

1492-AME




## 1492-D Specifications

| Electrical Ratings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poles |  | 1,2 |
| Tripping characteristics |  | C |
| Rated current ( $I_{n}$ ) |  | 0.5... 63 A |
| Rated frequency (f) |  | 0 Hz (DC only) |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ per IEC/EN 60664-1 |  | 250 V AC (phase to ground), 440V AC (phase to phase) |
| Overvoltage category |  | III |
| Pollution degree |  | 3 |
| Data per UL/CSA |  |  |
| Rated voltage | 1-pole | 250 V DC |
|  | 2-pole | 500 V DC |
| Rated interrupting capacity per UL 1077 |  | 10 kA |
| Application |  | Supplementary Protector for DC application use; application codes: TCO; OLO 250V DC, SC: 10kA; U1 250V DC; FW0 |
| Reference temperature for tripping characteristics |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Electrical endurance |  | 6,000 ops |
| Data per IEC/EN 60947-2 |  |  |
| Rated operational voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}$ ) | 1-pole | 220 V DC |
|  | 2-pole | 440 V DC |
| Highest supply or utilization voltage ( $U_{\max }$ ) | 1-pole | 250 V DC |
|  | 2-pole | 500 V DC |
| Min. operating voltage |  | 12 V DC |
| Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity$\underline{\left(I_{\mathrm{cu}}\right)}$ |  | 10 kA |
| Rated service short-circuit breaking capacity$\left(I_{C S}\right)$ |  | 10 kA |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp. (1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ ) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{kV} \\ & \text { (test voltage 6.2kV at sea level, } 5 \mathrm{kV} \text { at } \\ & 2,000 \mathrm{~m} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Dielectric test voltage |  | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{kV} \\ (50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min} .) \end{gathered}$ |
| Reference temperature for tripping characteristics |  | $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Electrical endurance <br> 1 cycle ( 2 s - $0 \mathrm{~N}, 13 \mathrm{~s}-0 \mathrm{OF}, I_{\mathrm{n}} \leq 32 \mathrm{~A}$ ), <br> 1 cycle (2s - 0N, 28s - OFF, $I_{\mathrm{n}}>32 \mathrm{~A}$ ) |  | 1,500 ops. |


| Mechanical Data |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Housing | Insulation group II, RAL 7035 |
| Indicator window | red ON/green OFF |
| Protection degree per EN 60529 | IP20, IP40 in enclosure with cover |
| Mechanical endurance | 20,000 operations |
| Shock resistance per IEC/EN 60068-2-27 | $25 \mathrm{~g}-2$ shocks - 13 ms |
| Vibration resistance per IEC/EN 60068-2-6 | $5 \mathrm{~g}-20$ cycles at $5 . . .150 \ldots . .5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with load 0.8 ln |
| Environmental |  |
| Environmental conditions (damp heat) per IEC/EN 60068-2-30 | 28 cycles with $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 90-96 \%$ and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 95-100 \%$ |
| Ambient temperature $\Delta$ | $-25 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $-40 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Installation |  |
| Terminal | Dual terminal |
| Cross-section of wire - solid, stranded (front/back terminal slot) | $35 / 35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | 18...4/18...10 AWG |
| Cross-section of wire - flexible (front/back terminal slot) | 25/10 mm ${ }^{2}$ |
| Multi-wire rating per UL, CSA | 1 wire, 18... 4 AWG |
|  | 2-4 wires $\ddagger, 18 \ldots 10$ AWG |
| Cross-section of bus bars (back terminal slot) | $10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Tightening torque | $2.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
|  | AWG 18...16: $13.3 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{b}$. <br> AWG 14...10:17.7 in•lb. <br> AWG 8...4: $39.8 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{lb}$. |
| Screwdriver | No. 2 Pozidrive |
| Mounting | DIN rail (EN 60715, 35mm) with fast clip |
| Mounting position | Any |
| Supply | Note polarity of device |
| Approximate Dimensions and Weight |  |
| Pole dimension ( $\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D} \times \mathrm{W}$ ) | $88 \times 69 \times 17.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Pole weight | 125 g (4.5 oz.) |
| Combination with Auxiliary Elements |  |
| Auxiliary contact | Yes |
| Signal contact | Yes |
| Shunt trip | Yes |

- $35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ self-declared, not included in IEC/EN approval.
$\Delta$ Refer to the ambient temperature derating tables.
$\ddagger$ Wires must be of like size and stranding. Up to two wires per terminal slot.


## Power Loss Due to Current

| Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per Pole [W] | Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per Pole [W] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 | 1.4 | 13 | 2.3 |
| 1 | 1.4 | 15 | 2.4 |
| 2 | 1.8 | 16 | 2.5 |
| 3 | 1.6 | 20 | 2.5 |
| 4 | 1.8 | 25 | 3.2 |
| 5 | 1.9 | 30 | 3.5 |
| 6 | 2.0 | 32 | 3.7 |
| 7 | 1.1 | 40 | 4.5 |
| 8 | 1.5 | 50 | 4.5 |
| 10 | 2.1 | 63 | 5.4 |

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


1-Pole


2-Pole

## Zero-stack Derating

| The installation of several miniature circuit breaker side by side with rated current on all poles <br> requires a correction factor to the rated current (not required if spacers are used). |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. of Adjacent Devices | Factor |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2,3 | 0.9 |
| 4,5 | 0.8 |
| $\geq 6$ | 0.75 |



## Ambient Temperature Derating

Note: Application below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is for non-condensing atmosphere. Care should be taken for applications below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. These devices are not certified to operate correctly in the presence of ice.

Bulletin 1492-D
Temperature Derating, UL
Reference temperature $=40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Current | Ambient temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rating (A) | -25 | -20 | -10 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 55 |
| 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| 4 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| 6 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6 | 5.8 | 5.7 |
| 8 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 8 | 7.8 | 7.6 |
| 10 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10 | 9.7 | 9.6 |
| 13 | 15.5 | 15.3 | 15.0 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 13 | 12.6 | 12.4 |
| 16 | 19.1 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 17.9 | 17.4 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 16 | 15.5 | 15.3 |
| 20 | 23.9 | 23.6 | 23.0 | 22.4 | 21.8 | 21.2 | 20.6 | 20 | 19.4 | 19.1 |
| 25 | 29.9 | 29.5 | 28.8 | 28.0 | 27.3 | 26.5 | 25.8 | 25 | 24.3 | 23.9 |
| 30 | 35.9 | 35.4 | 34.5 | 33.6 | 32.7 | 31.8 | 30.9 | 30 | 29.1 | 28.7 |
| 32 | 38.2 | 37.8 | 36.8 | 35.8 | 34.9 | 33.9 | 33.0 | 32 | 31.0 | 30.6 |
| 40 | 47.8 | 47.2 | 46.0 | 44.8 | 43.6 | 42.4 | 41.2 | 40 | 38.8 | 38.2 |
| 50 | 59.8 | 59.0 | 57.5 | 56.0 | 54.5 | 53.0 | 51.5 | 50 | 48.5 | 47.8 |
| 63 | 75.3 | 74.3 | 72.5 | 70.6 | 68.7 | 66.8 | 64.9 | 63 | 61.1 | 60.2 |

Bulletin 1492-D
Temperature Derating, IEC
Reference temperature $=30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Current <br> Rating (A) | Ambient temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{- 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{- 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 5}$ |  |  |
|  | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.6 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.4 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 9.3 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | 15.1 | 15.0 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 13 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 12.0 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | 18.6 | 18.4 | 17.9 | 17.4 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 16 | 15.5 | 15.0 | 14.8 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 23.3 | 23.0 | 22.4 | 21.8 | 21.2 | 20.6 | 20 | 19.4 | 18.8 | 18.5 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | 29.1 | 28.8 | 28.0 | 27.3 | 26.5 | 25.8 | 25 | 24.3 | 23.5 | 23.1 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | 35.0 | 34.5 | 33.6 | 32.7 | 31.8 | 30.9 | 30 | 29.1 | 28.2 | 27.8 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | 37.3 | 36.8 | 35.8 | 34.9 | 33.9 | 33.0 | 32 | 31.0 | 30.1 | 29.6 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | 46.6 | 46.0 | 44.8 | 43.6 | 42.4 | 41.2 | 40 | 38.8 | 37.6 | 37.0 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | 58.3 | 57.5 | 56.0 | 54.5 | 53.0 | 51.5 | 50 | 48.5 | 47.0 | 46.3 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{6 3}$ | 73.4 | 72.5 | 70.6 | 68.7 | 66.8 | 64.9 | 63 | 61.1 | 59.2 | 58.3 |  |  |

## Tripping Characteristics

## c Curve



## Circuit Breaker Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


189-ASCR3


189-AR3



189-AST1 and 189-AST2


189-AB01 and 189-AB10

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters. Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 1-Phase Bus Bars



1-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact



1492-A1B8H

## 2-Phase Bus Bars





## 2-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact




## 188 Specifications

| General Data |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Poles | 1, 2, 3, 4, 1+N, 3+N |
| Tripping characteristics | B, C, D |
| Rated current ( $I_{\mathrm{n}}$ ) | $0.5 \ldots 63 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Rated frequency (f) | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ per IEC/EN 60664-1 | 250 V AC (phase to ground), 440V AC (phase to phase) |
| Overvoltage category | III |
| Pollution degree | 2 |



| Data per IEC/EN 60898-1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated operational voltage ( $U_{e}$ ) |  | 1-pole | 230/400V AC |
|  |  | 1-pole +N | 230 VAC |
|  |  | 2-, 3-, 4-pole <br> 3-pole +N | 400V AC |
| Highest supply or utilization voltage $\left(U_{\max }\right)$ | AC | 1-pole | 253/440V AC |
|  |  | 1-pole+N | 253 V AC |
|  |  | 2-, 3-, 4-, 3-pole+N | 440 V AC |
|  | $D C \star$ | 1-pole | 48 V DC |
|  |  | 2-pole | 96 V DC |
| Min. operating voltage |  |  | $12 \mathrm{VAC}, 12 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
| Rated short-circuit capacity$\left(I_{\mathrm{cn}}\right)$ |  | 188-J | 10 kA |
|  |  | 188-K | 6 kA |
| Energy limiting class (B, C up to 40 A ) |  |  | 3 |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\text {imp. }}$. ${ }^{(1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s})}$ |  |  | 4 kV (test voltage 6.2 kV at sea level, 5 kV at $2,000 \mathrm{~m}$ ) |
| Dielectric test voltage |  |  | 2 kV ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ min.) |
| Reference temperature for tripping characteristics |  |  | B, C, D: $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Electrical endurance } \\ & 1 \text { cycle }\left(2 s-0 N, 13 s-0 F F, I_{n} \leq 32 \mathrm{~A}\right) \text {, } \\ & 1 \text { cycle }\left(2 s-0 \mathrm{~N}, 28 \mathrm{~s}-0 \mathrm{OF}, I_{\mathrm{n}}>32 \mathrm{~A}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} I_{\mathrm{n}}<30 \mathrm{~A}: 20,000 \text { ops (AC) } \\ I_{\mathrm{n}} \geq 30 \mathrm{~A}: 10,000 \text { ops. (AC); ; } \\ 1,000 \text { ops. (DC); } \end{gathered}$ |

$\star$ IEC DC ratings self-declared.

## Power Loss Due to Current

| Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per <br> Pole [W] | Rated Current [A] | Power Loss Per <br> Pole [W] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 | 1.4 |  | 13 | 2.3 |
| 1 | 1.4 |  | 16 | 2.5 |
| 2 | 1.8 |  | 20 | 2.5 |
| 3 | 1.5 |  | 25 | 3.2 |
| 4 | 1.8 |  | 32 | 3.7 |
| 6 | 2.0 | 40 | 4.8 |  |
| 8 | 1.5 |  | 50 | 4.5 |
| 10 | 2.1 |  | 63 | 5.2 |

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


## Ambient Temperature Derating

Note: Application below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is for non-condensing atmosphere. Care should be taken for applications below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. These devices are not certified to operate correctly in the presence of ice.

Bulletin 188-J
Temperature Derating, IEC
Reference temperature $=30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Current <br> Rating [A] | Ambient temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -25 | -20 | -10 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 55 |
| 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| 2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| 4 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| 6 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| 8 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.4 |
| 10 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 9.3 |
| 13 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 13 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 12.0 |
| 16 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 17.9 | 17.4 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 16 | 15.5 | 15.0 | 14.8 |
| 20 | 23.3 | 23.0 | 22.4 | 21.8 | 21.2 | 20.6 | 20 | 19.4 | 18.8 | 18.5 |
| 25 | 29.1 | 28.8 | 28.0 | 27.3 | 26.5 | 25.8 | 25 | 24.3 | 23.5 | 23.1 |
| 32 | 37.3 | 36.8 | 35.8 | 34.9 | 33.9 | 33.0 | 32 | 31.0 | 30.1 | 29.6 |
| 40 | 46.6 | 46.0 | 44.8 | 43.6 | 42.4 | 41.2 | 40 | 38.8 | 37.6 | 37.0 |
| 50 | 58.3 | 57.5 | 56.0 | 54.5 | 53.0 | 51.5 | 50 | 48.5 | 47.0 | 46.3 |
| 63 | 73.4 | 72.5 | 70.6 | 68.7 | 66.8 | 64.9 | 63 | 61.1 | 59.2 | 58.3 |

## Tripping Characteristics

## B Curve



B and C Curve - 230/400V AC Let -through Energy



## Tripping Characteristics

## C Curve



B and C Curve-230/400V AC Let-through Energy


## Tripping Characteristics

D Curve


## D Curve-230/400V AC Let-through Energy



## Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes


189-AST1 and 189-AST2


189-ASCR3


189-AR3

## Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


189-AR11, 189-AR02, 189-AR20


189-AL11, 189-AL02, and 189-AL20


189-AB01 and 189-AB10

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 1-Phase Bus Bars



189-CL1


189-CL112


189-CL106
189-CL102

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 1-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact



## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 2-Phase Bus Bars



189-CL206
189-CL204

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes

2-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact


## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 3-Phase Bus Bars



## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 3-Phase Bus Bars, with Auxiliary Contact



189-CL3H06

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes

## 4-Phase Bus Bars



2- and 4-Phase Bus Bars for connection to 1492-RCD


## Bus Bar Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters. Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


189-CLT50D


189-CL4EC
189-CLPS

## 1492-RCD Specifications

| General Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poles |  | 2,4 |
| Rated current $I_{\text {n }}$ |  | 25, 40, 63, 80 A |
| Rated sensitivity $/ \Delta n$ | 2-pole | 30, 100, 300 mA |
|  | 4-pole | $30,100,300,500 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Electrical Ratings |  |  |
| Rated short-circuit strength |  | 10 kA with $63 \mathrm{AgG} / \mathrm{gL}$ back-up fuse, 10 kA with $80 \mathrm{AgG} / \mathrm{gL}$ back-up fuse for 80 A device |
| Rated operational voltage $U_{e}$ per IEC/EN |  | 230/400V AC |
| Rated voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}$ per UL |  | 480Y/277V AC |
| Max. operating voltage of circuit test |  | 254 V AC |
| Min. operating voltage of circuit test |  | 110 V |
| Rated frequency |  | 50/60 Hz |
| Rated conditional short-circuit |  | 10 kA (SCPD - fuse gG 100 A ) |
| Rated residual breaking capacity |  | 1 kA |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage$\mathrm{u}_{\mathrm{imp}}(1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ |  | 4 kV |
| Dielectric test voltage at ind. frea. for 1 min. |  | 2.5 kV |
| Electrical endurance |  | 10,000 operations |
| Mechanical |  |  |
| Indicator window |  | Red ON/green OFF |
| Protection degree | Housing | IP4X |
|  | Terminals | IP2X |
| Environmental |  |  |
| Ambient temperature(with daily average $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  | $-25 . . .+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature |  | $-40 . . .+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical endurance |  | 20,000 operations |
| Installation |  |  |
| Terminal type |  | Dual terminal |
| Cross-section of wire solid, stranded, flexible (front/back terminal slot) | 25...63 A | $25 / 25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | 18... 4 AWG |
|  | 80 A | $35 / 35 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | 18... 2 AWG |
| Cross-section of bus bars (front/back terminal slot) | $25 . .63 \mathrm{~A}$ | $10 / 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | 80 A | $16 / 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Tightening torque | 25...63 A | $2.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
|  |  | $25 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{lb}$ |
|  | 80 A | $4.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
|  |  | $43 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{lb}$ |
| Mounting |  | DIN Rail EN 60715 ( 35 mm ) with fast clip device |
| Supply |  | Optional |


| Approximate Dimensions and Weight |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimensions (H x D xW) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |
| 2-pole |  |  |
|  | 4-pole |  | $88 \times 67 \times 35 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  |  |  |
| Cuxiliary contact |  |  |
| Combination with Auxiliary Elements |  |  |
| 2-pole |  | $88 \times 67 \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Power Loss Due to Current

| Rated Current [A] | Power Loss [W] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2-pole | 4-pole |
| 40 | 1 | 1.3 |
| 63 | 2.4 | 3.2 |
| 80 | 3.2 | 4.4 |
| 8.8 | 33.3 |  |

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


2-, 4-Pole


2-Pole


4-Pole

## Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


189-ASCR3


189-AR3


189-AR11, 189-AR02, 189-AR20

## Bus Bar Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

2- and 4-Phase Bus Bars


189-CL408

## Bus Bar Accessory Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters. Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


## 189-CLT50D

189-CL3EC


189-CL4EC
189-CLPS

## 1692 Specifications

| Electrical Ratings |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Voltage | 24V DC (18...30V DC) |
| Output current | 1 A... 12 A, select devices - NEC Class 2 |
| Output ratings | Isolated safety extra-low voltage (SELV) |
| Environmental |  |
| Operating temperature | $-25 . . .+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-13 . . .158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ (non-condensing) |
| Storage temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$... $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \ldots . .185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Humidity | 5...95\% (non-condensing) |
| Degree of pollution | 2 |
| Construction |  |
| Terminal wire gauge | 24...10 AWG (0.2...4mm²) |
| Termination type | Screw |
| Dimensions in. (mm) | $1.77 \times 2.95 \times 3.58(45 \times 75 \times 91)$ |
| Weight lb. (g) | 0.26 (120) |

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


## 1492-MC Specifications

| Electrical Ratings |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage | See rated voltage tables |
| Continuous current rating @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | $10,15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,55,60,70,8090,100 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Rated short circuit capability | See interrupting capacity tables |
| Environmental |  |
| Operating temperature | $0 . . .60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32 . .140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ (non-condensing) |
| Shipment and short term storage limits | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . . .80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 . .176{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Degree of protection | $1 / 2$ in. wide circuit breakers are finger safe from front per IEC. Terminal covers available for 1 in. wide circuit breaker. |
| Mechanical |  |
| Mounting | DIN rail |
| Wire size | See terminal table |
| Terminal torque |  |
| Recommended wire strip length |  |

1492-MCA/MCB Thermal Magnetic Rated Voltage and Interrupting Capacity

|  | Rated Voltage |  | Interrupting Capacity (rms Symmetrical Amperes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat. No. | [V AC] | [V DC] $\star$ | AC Rating <br> [kA] | DC Rating <br> [kA] |
| 1492-MCAA1xx | 120/240 | 24, 48, 62.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1492-MCAA2xx |  |  |  |  |
| 1492-MCAA2Hxx | 240 | 24, 48, 62.5 |  | 3 |
| 1492-MCAA3xx |  |  |  |  |
| 1492-MCBA1xx | 120/240 | - |  | - |
| 1492-MCBA2xx |  |  |  |  |
| 1492-MCBA2Hxx | 240 | - |  | - |
| 1492-MCBA3xx |  |  |  |  |

$\star$ Rating as supplementary protector.
1492-MCE/MCG Ground Sensing Rated Voltage and Interrupting Capacity

|  | Rated Voltage | Interrupting Capacity (rms Symmetrical Amperes) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat. No. | [V AC] | AC Rating <br> [kA] |
| 1492-MCEA1xx | 120 |  |
| 1492-MCEA2xx | $120 / 240 \ddagger$ | 10 |
| 1492-MCGAT1xx | 120 | 10 |
| 1492-MCGAT2xx | $120 / 240 \ddagger$ |  |

[^0]
## Application Information

Selection of a Bul. 1492-MC circuit breaker with appropriate circuit protection includes consideration of:

- Circuit voltage
- Circuit frequency
- Available short circuit current
- Continuous current rating
- Application considerations
- Special operating conditions

The following discussion is based upon National Electric Code and UL requirements. Similar considerations are appropriate for Canadian applications.

## Circuit Voltage

Bul. 1492-MC circuit breakers are rated by voltage class. Applications should not exceed the listed voltage range (see Table 1).

## Circuit Frequency

Bul. 1492-MC circuit breakers may be applied to frequencies from DC up to 60 Hz without derating. For applications above 60 ... 400 Hz , contact Rockwell Automation with specific application information for the derating of the circuit breakers.

## Available Short Circuit Current

Bul. 1492-MC circuit breakers should only be applied in those applications in which the available short-circuit (or fault) current is less than or equal to the interrupting rating shown in the Voltage and Interrupting Ratings table.

## Continuous Current Rating

Bul. 1492-MC circuit breakers are rated in RMS amperes at a $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ambient temperature per UL 489 (CSA 22.2 No. 5.1). This temperature is the ambient temperature external to an industrial enclosure. If a circuit breaker is applied in a temperature that exceeds the $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ambient, then the circuit breaker should be derated. Contact your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for derating information.

## Application Considerations

The selection of a specific ampere rating for a specific application is dependent on the type of load and duty cycle and is governed by the National Electric Code (Canadian Electric Code) and UL/CSA. In general the codes require that overcurrent protection is at the current supply and at points where wire sizes are reduced. In addition the codes state that conductors be protected according to their current carrying capacity. There are specific situations that require application
consideration, such as motor circuit, and guidelines for the selection for transformer protection.

Bulletin 1492-MC circuit breakers are "non-100\% rated" as defined by UL 489 Part 7.1.4.2. As such the circuit breaker's rating should be loaded to no more than $80 \%$, if used with continuous loads.

## Branch Circuits:

Bulletin 1492-MC circuit breakers may be used to protect branch circuits. A branch circuit is the wiring portion of a system extending beyond the final overcurrent device protecting the circuit.

Guidelines established in NEC, CEC, UL, and CSA should be used to determine the specific device. The examples on page , also apply to the 1492-MC devices.

## Coordinated Overcurrent Protection

Where an orderly shutdown is required to minimize the hazards to personnel and equipment, a system of coordination based upon the faulted or overloaded circuit is isolated by selective operation of only the overcurrent protective device closest to the overcurrent condition.

The user should select devices that meet this requirement.
References: NEC 240.12. Also see CEC.

## Self Test Capability (GFCI only)

Per UL 943 (5.16 / 6.30), GFCI devices have built-in self test capability. The self test is an internal, automated function running in the background. For more information please refer to UL 943 standard.

## Tripping Characteristics

## Time Current Curve - 1-Pole Circuit Breaker



Time Current Curve - 2-Pole Circuit Breakers


## Tripping Characteristics

Time Current Curve - 3-Pole Circuit Breakers


## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in inches (mm). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

## 1492-MCAA



1-, 2-, 3-Pole (3-Pole shown)

## 1492-MCBA



## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in inches. Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

1492-MCE/1492-MCG


## 1492-GH/-GS Specifications

|  | 1492-GH | 1492-GS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-Pole | 1-Pole | 2-Pole | 3-Pole |
| Ul/CSA |  | 0.2...16 A | $5 \mathrm{kAC1}$ (2 kA C1 for 65V DC - 1-pole) |  |
|  | (Not to exceed 100 x rated A) | 18...25 A | $2 \mathrm{kAC1}$ |  |
| IECIEN 60034 (8BE) |  | 0.2.. 5 A | 400 A |  |
| IEC/EN60934 (BE) | - | 6... 25 A | 800 A |  |
| Maximum voltage ratings | 250 V AC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ 65V DC | 480Y/277V AC 50/60 Hz 65 V DC |  |  |
| Temperature range | $-40 \ldots+149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-40 \ldots+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ non-condensing |  |  |  |
| Operating life | 6000 operations @ rated current |  |  |  |
| Housing material | Glass-filled Polyamide 6.6 |  |  |  |
| Shock | $25 \mathrm{G}, 11 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{duration}$ |  |  |  |
| Vibration | $5 \mathrm{G}(10 . . .500 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |  |  |  |
| Dielectric strength | 1500 V AC | 1600 V AC |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | 100 M ת @ 500V DC |  |  |  |
| Terminal type | Tubular screw with self-lifiting box lug |  |  |  |
| Wire size | \#22... 10 AWG |  |  |  |
| Recommended wire strip length | 0.44 in. ( 11.2 mm ) | Main terminal - 0.51 in . 13 mm ) aux terminal - 0.41 in . ( 10.4 mm ) |  |  |
| Terminal torque | 1.3...1.4 N•m ( $10 . . .12 \mathrm{lb} \cdot \mathrm{in}^{\text {a }}$ ) | $0.656 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(5 \mathrm{lb} \cdot \mathrm{in})$ |  |  |
| N.O. auxiliary contact rating | - | 1.0 A AC or DC (resistive load) |  |  |

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in inches (mm). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


|  | 1492-GH | 1492-GS |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-Pole | 1-Pole | 2-Pole | 3-Pole |
|  | $3.15 \mathrm{in} .(80 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $3.15 \mathrm{in} .(80 \mathrm{~mm})$ |  |  |
|  | $2.89 \mathrm{in} .(73.4 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $3.48 \mathrm{in} .(88.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ |  |  |
| Width | $0.49 \mathrm{in} .(12.4 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $0.49 \mathrm{in} .(12.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $0.98 \mathrm{in} .(25 \mathrm{~mm})$ | $1.47 \mathrm{in} .(37.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ |

## Application Information

## UL 1077, CSA C22.2 \#235

In North America, miniature circuit breakers are recognized as supplementary protectors and are intended for use as overcurrent protection within an appliance or other electrical equipment where branch circuit protection is already provided or not required. Internationally, these products are rated to IEC standards as circuit breakers for equipment (CBE).

## Selection Information

High-density supplementary protector/miniature circuit breaker applications include, but are not limited to, the protection of test equipment, control instrumentation, solenoids, and power supplies. The wide range of current values and the use of a thermal magnetic trip system allows for a variety of applications where a very accurate and compact breaker is required.

To select a miniature circuit breaker, use the following procedure:

1. Determine the inrush correction factor from the following table.

| Inrush Ratio Correction Table |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inrush Ratio | $1: 1$ to $1: 4$ | $1: 5$ | $1: 6$ | $1: 7$ | $1: 8$ |
| Factor | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 |

Note: For resistive loads use an inrush correction factor of 1.0.
2. Determine the temperature correction factor from the following table.

| Ambient Temperature Correction Table |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ambient Temperature | $\begin{gathered} 70^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ \left(21.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ \left(37.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 120^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ \left(48.9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 140^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & \left(60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 160^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ \left(71.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 180^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ \left(82.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ \left(93.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \end{gathered}$ |
| Factor | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 |

3. Determine the sealed current of the load being protected.
4. Multiply the sealed current by the two correction factors and select the closest higher ampere rating.

Example - For a solenoid with sealed current of 0.5 A , an inrush ratio of 1:8, and an ambient temperature of $+110^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, $(0.5 \times 1.7 \times 1.15=0.9775)$, select the 1.0 A miniature circuit breaker. Tripping time of the miniature circuit breaker is determined from the table below. Divide the miniature circuit breaker value by the temperature correction factor from the Ambient Temperature Correction Table to determine the actual rated current referenced in the table below.

| Tripping Times in Seconds at $70^{\circ} \mathbf{F}\left(21.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent <br> Rated <br> Current | $100 \%$ | $200 \%$ | $300 \%$ | $400 \%$ | $500 \%$ | $600 \%$ | $1000 \%$ | 2000\% <br> Greater |
| Tripping <br> Times <br> (Seconds) | NoTrip | $10 \ldots 40$ | $3 \ldots .18$ | $1.5 \ldots 9$ | $0.8 \ldots 6$ | $\ldots .003$ | 0.009 | Max. |

Note: When several breakers are rail mounted adjacent to each other, the no-trip current will be $80 \%$ of rated current at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(21.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

Using selection tables, select Bulletin 1492-GH/GS that allows full load current nearest without exceeding application current. Also, check that inrush current is less than trip range of 6... 10 In .

## Tripping Characteristics

Time Current Curve - 1492 -GH


Note: When several breakers are rail mounted adjacent to each other, the no-trip current will be $80 \%$ of rated current at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ( $21.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).

Notes

## 1492-FB Specifications


$\star$ Both wires must be same size

## Approximate Dimensions

Note: Dimensions are shown in inches (mm). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


| Dimension |  | For Midget Fuse <br> 30 A | For Class CC Fuse 30 A | For Class J Fuse |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 30 A |  | 60 A |
| Height |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.19 \mathrm{in} . \\ & (81 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.19 \mathrm{in} . \\ & (81 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.65 \mathrm{in} . \\ (118 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | 4.65 in. <br> (118 mm) |
| Depth |  | 2.51 in. <br> ( 64 mm ) | 2.51 in. <br> ( 64 mm ) | 2.76 in. <br> (70 mm) | $\begin{aligned} & 3.23 \mathrm{in} . \\ & (82 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1-Pole | 0.71 in. (18 mm) | 0.71 in. (18 mm) | 1.41 in. <br> ( 36 mm ) | $\begin{aligned} & 1.57 \mathrm{in} . \\ & (40 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Width | 2-Pole | 1.41 in . ( 36 mm ) | 1.41 in . ( 36 mm ) | 2.83 in. <br> (72 mm) | $\begin{aligned} & 3.15 \mathrm{in} . \\ & (80 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 3-Pole | $\begin{aligned} & 2.13 \mathrm{in} . \\ & (54 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.13 \mathrm{in} . \\ & (54 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.25 \mathrm{in} . \\ (108 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.72 \mathrm{in} . \\ (120 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ |

## Important User Information

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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[^0]:    $\ddagger$ These devices are for grounded neutral 240 V wye systems only.

